CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1922

Chapter 338, Laws of 1993

(partial veto)

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

WORK ETHIC BOOT CAMP PILOT PROGRAM

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/1/93

Passed by the House April 20, 1993 Yeas 97 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 13, 1993 Yeas 43 Nays 2

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1922** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Chief Clerk

FILED

ALAN THOMPSON

Approved May 13, 1993, with the exception of section 5, which is vetoed.

May 13, 1993 - 2:31 p.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1922

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington

53rd Legislature

1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Corrections (originally sponsored by Representatives Lemmon, Mastin, Morris, Hansen, Basich, Kessler, Johanson, Scott, Tate, Bray, Campbell, Dunshee, Eide, Orr, Grant, Lisk, Ludwig, R. Meyers, Springer, Finkbeiner, Dorn, Vance, Quall, Kremen, Rayburn, Brough, Foreman, Riley, L. Johnson, Horn, King, Forner, Roland, Ogden, Thomas, Brumsickle, Long, Casada, Ballasiotes, Mielke, Cooke, Van Luven and Karahalios)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to creation of a work ethic boot camp; reenacting
- 2 and amending RCW 9.94A.030; adding new sections to chapter 72.09 RCW;
- 3 adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; providing an effective date;
- 4 and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that high crime rates
- 7 and a heightened sense of vulnerability have led to increased public
- 8 pressure on criminal justice officials to increase offender punishment
- 9 and remove the most dangerous criminals from the streets. As a result,
- 10 there is unprecedented growth in the corrections populations and
- 11 overcrowding of prisons and local jails. Skyrocketing costs and high
- 12 rates of recidivism have become issues of major public concern.
- 13 Attention must be directed towards implementing a long-range
- 14 corrections strategy that focuses on inmate responsibility through
- 15 intensive work ethic training.
- 16 The legislature finds that many offenders lack basic life skills
- 17 and have been largely unaffected by traditional correctional
- 18 philosophies and programs. In addition, many first-time offenders who
- 19 enter the prison system learn more about how to be criminals than the

1 important qualities, values, and skills needed to successfully adapt to 2 a life without crime.

The legislature finds that opportunities for offenders to improve themselves are extremely limited and there has not been adequate emphasis on alternatives to total confinement for nonviolent offenders.

The legislature finds that the explosion of drug crimes since the inception of the sentencing reform act and the response of the criminal justice system have resulted in a much higher proportion of substance abuse-affected offenders in the state's prisons and jails. The needs of this population differ from those of other offenders and present a great challenge to the system. The problems are exacerbated by the shortage of drug treatment and counseling programs both in and outside of prisons.

The legislature finds that the concept of a work ethic camp that requires the offender to complete an appropriate and balanced combination of highly structured and goal-oriented work programs such as correctional industries based work camps and/or class I and class II work projects, drug rehabilitation, and intensive life management work ethic training, can successfully reduce offender recidivism and lower the overall cost of incarceration.

It is the purpose and intent of sections 1 and 3 through 6 of this act to implement a regimented work ethic camp that is designed to directly address the high rate of recidivism, reduce upwardly spiraling prison costs, preserve scarce and high cost prison space for the most dangerous offenders, and provide judges with a tough and sound alternative to traditional incarceration without compromising public safety.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1992 c 145 s 6 and 1992 c 75 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

30 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 31 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

- 1 (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- 2 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 3 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 4 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 5 conditions.
- (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.
- 10 (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 17 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensa-18 tion, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.
- 19 (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 20 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 21 For first-time offenders, the supervision may include 22 46.61.524. crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 23 24 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state 25 supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community 26 supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be 27 considered the same as probation by other states.
- 28 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 29 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 32 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- 33 (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 34 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 35 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 36 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 37 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 38 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense,

- 1 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 2 offender as a result of a felony conviction.
- 3 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 4 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 5 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 6 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 7 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 8 affirmative conduct.
- 9 (12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior 10 convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. 11 The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether 12 the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms 13 thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the 14 length of incarceration.
 - (b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(6)(a); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.
- 25 (13) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- 26 (14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 27 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 28 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 29 30 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 31 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 32 determinate sentence. 33
- (15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the

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- 1 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to
- 2 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically
- 3 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs,
- 4 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made
- 5 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050,
- 6 or Title 74 RCW.
- 7 (16) "Drug offense" means:
- 8 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
- 9 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a
- 10 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 11 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates
- 12 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a
- 13 controlled substance; or
- 14 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws
- 15 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a)
- 16 of this subsection.
- 17 (17) "Escape" means:
- 18 (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the
- 19 second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough
- 20 (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW
- 21 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the
- 22 department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 23 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
- 24 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape
- 25 under (a) of this subsection.
- 26 (18) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 27 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
- 28 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-
- 29 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- 30 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
- 31 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony
- 32 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 33 (19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific
- 34 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- 35 (20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of
- 36 a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under
- 37 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or
- 38 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance
- 39 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or the selling

- for profit (([of])) of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this
- 5 state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated 6 in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.
- 7 (b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication 8 for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a 9 previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.
- 10 (21) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 11 offense.
- (22) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
- (23) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 18 19 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 20 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for 21 22 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in 23 Partial confinement includes work release, home the community. 24 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 25 as defined in this section.
- 26 (24) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 27 community placement that is not community custody.
- (25) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
- 32 (26) "Serious traffic offense" means:
- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

- 1 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for 2 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a 3 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 4 (27) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 5 and means:
- 6 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 7 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 8 degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first 9 degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 10 commit one of these felonies; or
- 11 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 12 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 13 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 14 (28) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 15 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 16 (29) "Sex offense" means:
- 17 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 20 crimes;
- 21 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 22 9.94A.127; or
- (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 26 (30) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 27 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 28 sexual gratification.
- 29 (31) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 30 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 31 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 32 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 33 (32) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions
 34 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the
 35 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work
 36 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions
 37 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's
- 38 period of community custody.

(33) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

 $((\frac{33}{33}))$ (34) "Violent offense" means:

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- 5 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 6 7 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 8 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 9 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 10 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 11 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in 12 the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when 13 proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while 14 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by 15 16 RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 17 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 18 19 offense in (a) of this subsection; and
- 20 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 21 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 22 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- (((34))) (35) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement 23 24 consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community 25 of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 26 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall be performed on public property or on private property owned or operated by nonprofit 27 entities, except that, for emergency purposes only, work crews may 28 29 perform snow removal on any private property. The civic improvement 30 tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries 31 or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment 32 opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted 33 through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those 34 35 offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders 36 37 sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (29) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program. 38

1 ((\(\frac{(35)}{)}\)) (36) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration
2 program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections
3 by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world
4 job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics
5 training, life management skills development, substance abuse
6 rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult
7 education.

(37) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

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 $((\frac{36}{36}))$ "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention may not be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, assault of a child in the third degree, unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this subsection and is monitored for drug use by treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a comparable court or agencyreferred program.

(a) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or residential burglary conditioned upon the offender: (i) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program, (ii) having no convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for burglary or residential burglary, (iii) having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (iv) having no prior charges of escape, and (v) fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention program.

(b) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned 1 2 upon: (i) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or 3 attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, 4 or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender, (ii) abiding by the rules of 5 the home detention program, and (iii) compliance with court-ordered 6 7 legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be 8 made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not 9 otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home 10 detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, 11 other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's 12 13 incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the 14 15 rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered 16 restitution.

The department of corrections shall 17 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. 18 establish one work ethic camp. The secretary shall locate the work ethic camp within an already existing department compound or facility, 19 or in a facility that is scheduled to come on line within the initial 20 implementation date outlined in this section. The facility selected 21 for the camp shall appropriately accommodate the logistical and cost-22 23 effective objectives contained in sections 1 and 3 through 6 of this 24 The department shall be ready to assign inmates to the camp one 25 hundred twenty days after the effective date of this act. department shall establish the work ethic camp program cycle to last 26 from one hundred twenty to one hundred eighty days. The department 27 shall develop all aspects of the work ethic camp program including, but 28 29 not limited to, program standards, conduct standards, educational 30 components including general education development test achievement, offender incentives, drug rehabilitation program parameters, individual 31 and team work goals, techniques for improving the offender's self-32 33 esteem, citizenship skills for successful living in the community, measures to hold the offender accountable for his or her behavior, and 34 the successful completion of the work ethic camp program granted to the 35 36 offender based on successful attendance, participation, and performance 37 as defined by the secretary. The work ethic camp shall be designed and 38 implemented so that offenders are continually engaged in meaningful

- l activities and unstructured time is kept to a minimum. In addition,
- 2 the department is encouraged to explore the integration and overlay of
- 3 a military style approach to the work ethic camp.

- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW 5 to read as follows:
- 6 (1) An offender is eligible to be sentenced to a work ethic camp if 7 the offender:
- 8 (a) Is sentenced to a term of total confinement of not less than 9 twenty-two months or more than thirty-six months;
 - (b) Is between the ages of eighteen and twenty-eight years; and
- 11 (c) Has no current or prior convictions for any sex offenses or 12 violent offenses.
- (2) If the sentencing judge determines that the offender is 13 14 eligible for the work ethic camp and is likely to qualify under subsection (3) of this section, the judge shall impose a sentence 15 16 within the standard range and may recommend that the offender serve the sentence at a work ethic camp. The sentence shall provide that if the 17 18 offender successfully completes the program, the department shall 19 convert the period of work ethic camp confinement at the rate of one day of work ethic camp confinement to three days of total standard 20 confinement. The court shall also provide that upon completion of the 21 work ethic camp program, the offender shall be released on community 22 23 custody for any remaining time of total confinement.
- 24 (3) The department shall place the offender in the work ethic camp 25 program, subject to capacity, unless the department determines that the 26 offender has physical or mental impairments that would prevent 27 participation and completion of the program, or the offender refuses to 28 agree to the terms and conditions of the program.
- (4) An inmate who fails to complete the work ethic camp program, who is administratively terminated from the program, or who otherwise violates any conditions of supervision, as defined by the department, shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing judge and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned early release time.
- 35 (5) The length of the work ethic camp program shall be at least one 36 hundred twenty days and not more than one hundred eighty days. Because 37 of the conversion ratio, earned early release time shall not accrue to 38 offenders who successfully complete the program.

1 (6) During the last two weeks prior to release from the work ethic 2 camp program the department shall provide the offender with 3 comprehensive transition training.

Sec. 5. The work ethic camp program shall employ 4 5 one hundred percent of all inmates. The employment options available for inmates shall include meaningful work opportunities that provide 6 7 the offender with real-world skills that help the offender find 8 employment when he or she successfully completes the work ethic camp 9 The department shall include in the work ethic camp program, without limitation, class I, class II, and class IV correctional 10 No more than thirty-five percent of the total inmate 11 programs. population in the facility shall be employed in class III correctional 12 13 industries programs in the first year and thereafter ten percent less 14 per year until a maximum of ten percent of the inmates are working in 15 this employment class. In addition, work options shall also include 16 department-supervised work crews as defined by the department. work crews shall have the ability to work on public roads conducting 17 18 litter control, minor emergency repair or other minor tasks that do not 19 negatively impact employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through the operation of 20 sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385, or have a negative 21 22 impact on the local labor market or local business community as 23 assessed by the department correctional industries advisory board of 24 directors. The department shall establish, to the extent possible, 25 programs that will positively impact our natural environment such as, 26 but not limited to, recycling programs and minor environmental cleanup 27 programs. If the department is directed by the legislature to increase 28 the percentage of inmates employed in correctional industries programs, 29 inmates employed through work ethic camps shall not be counted towards 30 this total percentage.

31 *Sec. 5 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The work ethic camp program established in sections 1 and 3 through 6 of this act shall be considered a pilot alternative incarceration program and remain in effect until July 1, 1998. The department and the office of financial management shall monitor and analyze the effectiveness of the work ethic camp program and complete a final outcome evaluation study by January 15, 1998. The

- 1 study shall include: The recidivism rates of successful program
- 2 graduates, analysis of the overall program costs, the ability to
- 3 maintain public safety, and any other pertinent data established by the
- 4 department. The department may encourage interested universities to
- 5 participate in studies that will enhance the effectiveness of the
- 6 program.
- 7 The department of corrections shall seek the availability of
- 8 federal funds for the planning, implementation, evaluation, and
- 9 training of staff for work ethic camp programs, substance abuse
- 10 programs, and offender education programs.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 1, 3, 5, and 6 of this act are each
- 12 added to chapter 72.09 RCW.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** If any provision of this act or its
- 14 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 15 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 16 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 17 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. This act is necessary for the immediate
- 18 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 19 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
- 20 effect July 1, 1993.

Passed the House April 20, 1993.

Passed the Senate April 13, 1993.

Approved by the Governor May 13, 1993, with the exception of certain items which were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 1993.

- 1 Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
- "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to section 5, 3 Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1922 entitled:
- 4 "AN ACT Relating to creation of a work ethic boot camp."
- Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1922 directs the Department of Corrections to create a work ethic camp within an existing or soon to be completed Department of Corrections facility. This program of education and training for offenders should reduce recidivism and increase public safety.
- Section 5 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1922 directs the Department to employ 100 percent of all program inmates in Class I, II
- 12 and IV correctional industries jobs programs, with limited employment
- 13 allowed for Class III industries. The Department does not currently
- 14 have Class I and II programs available at potential camp sites and

therefore cannot comply with the requirements of this section within the timeline set out in the bill.

Additionally, section 5 imposes limitations on the employment level allowed for Class III industries such as food service, sanitation, maintenance and clerical support. While I agree with the goal of meaningful work experience, the limitations on Class III industries may prove too restrictive, forcing the Department to pay staff overtime or hire outside contractors to perform functions traditionally assigned to inmates.

While I have vetoed section 5 for the reasons stated above, the intent of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1922 will be carried out. The Department of Corrections is committed to the establishment of a successful and productive camp under this bill and to work with the legislature on the further development of the work ethic camp program.

With the exception of section 5, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 16 No. 1922 is approved."

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